Objectives of reheating, quenching and tempering $(Q \delta T)$ process:

Traditionally, the forging industry has relied on reheating, quenching, and tempering to attain the ideal microstructure for an optimal balance of strength and impact toughness in finished components.

What is driving the search for alternative process routes?

Eliminating energy-intensive steps in order to:

- Reduce the energy consumption of the process,
- Reduce the time and complexity of the process.

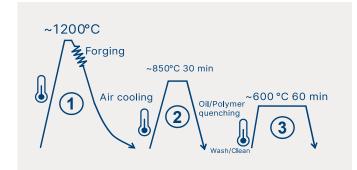
Challenges

Achieving properties requirements, especially in strength and toughness, while avoiding multiple energy intensive reheating steps.

The typical Q&T production route:

A three steps energy intensive route:

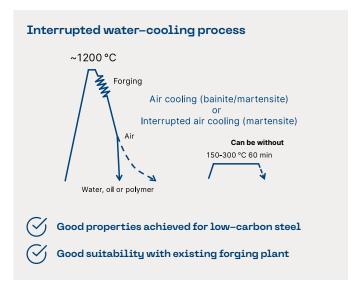
- 1. Reheating: makes the steel soft so it is easily molded,
- 2. Quenching: a rapid cooling process aim to create a hard steel microstructure.
- **3. Tempering:** process in which quenched steel is reheated to a controlled intermediate temperature improving toughness and ensuring safe and reliable performance in service.

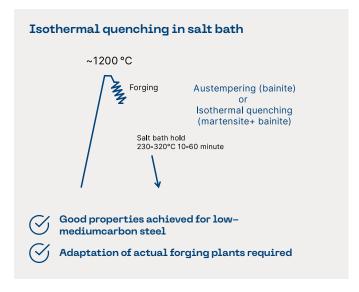


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HELPS THE FORGING INDUSTRYELIMINATE ENERGY INTENSIVE PROCESS STEPS

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